

The connection between the mind and body is strong, so an overall positive attitude — including an upbeat outlook on life — can affect overall happiness, health, and well-being. Similar to good health practices such as eating well and getting plenty of exercise, a positive attitude should be a habit that starts early in life.

A positive attitude can impact mental health and physical functioning, including the ability to fight disease and infection. Attitude can also affect relationships, social networks, and help make success in life more likely. The bottom line: being more positive across the lifespan causes less stress and enables people to live healthier, happy lives.

Attitude affects:

- how successful you are in achieving your academic, work, and personal goals;
- how you feel and look mentally and physically; and
- what you do and say.

Do you have a positive attitude?

- Are you optimistic, easygoing, or extroverted?
- Are you willing to learn, no matter how difficult it is?
- Do you laugh a lot or have a sense of humor by not taking yourself too seriously?
- Do you express emotions rather than bottle them up?
- Do you do your best when studying or working and try to improve how you do your work?
- Do you demonstrate enthusiasm in whatever you say and do?
- Do you welcome challenges, experiments, or try new ideas?

Develop a Positive Attitude:

- Be confident.
- Be positive.
- Be patient.
- Be a goal-setter.
- Be a hard-worker.
- Be fun (don't take yourself too seriously).
- Be accepting of change.

Accepting Change

Being able to accept and adapt to change plays an important role in having a positive attitude, especially as life is filled with ups and downs. A positive attitude allows you to meet such challenges — both the good and bad — with less resistance. In this position, you are much more open to learning from mistakes, researching what you want, or seeing the possibility of new or better opportunities. When you approach change with rigid thoughts or feelings of apprehension, strain and stress are more likely to result, leaving you overwhelmed and more susceptible to a sense of failure and even depression.

Do Things that Make You Happy

According to Martin Seligman, Ph.D., the creator of positive psychology, everybody has a right to be happy. Dr. Seligman also believes that happiness helps provide a sense of purpose in life because it is something that you can create and nurture. The Pursuit of Happiness organization has identified seven habits of happy people. Happy people:

- build close relationships;
- care for others;
- engage in healthy, active lifestyles;
- embrace spirituality;
- practice positive thinking;
- embrace a hobby or activity; and
- identify strengths.

Attitude and Aging

A positive attitude about growing old throughout the lifespan can help you live longer, yet society constantly reinforces negative stereotypes of old age and aging. Such stereotypes include that aging adults are senile, frail, and cranky, and that growing old is generally something to be lamented. When primed with such negativity, you can be likely to conform to such stereotypes and live up to those low expectations, thus performing at lower functioning levels in old age. It is therefore important to recognize and value the contributions, accomplishments, and wisdom of senior adults. Such a societal change in attitude toward aging will affect both today's and tomorrow's seniors for the better. When armed with a sense of happiness and purpose, reinforced by a positive attitude, older adults are more apt to suppress negative thoughts and carry on as the competent, productive members of society that they are, regardless of age or ability.

Conclusion

Everyone has a bad day, but in general, a positive attitude and happy outlook can help pull you through life's challenges. Having an upbeat and proactive outlook on life over time can also contribute to better health and optimal aging, including longevity.

References

- Fleming, R. (2001). Your attitude and you. Academic Skills Center, Dartmouth College. Adapted from the pamphlet "Your Attitude and You" by Channing L. Bete Co., Inc.
- Kato, K., Zweig, R., Barzilai, N., & Atzmon, G. (2012). Positive attitude towards life and emotional expression as personality phenotypes for centenarians. Aging, 4(5). 359-367.
- Lawson, K. (2009). How do emotions & attitudes impact health? University of Minnesota Center for Spirituality & Healing and the Life Science Foundation. Retrieved March 11, 2013 from http://takingcharge.csh.umn.edu/create-healthy-lifestyle/emotions-and-attitudes/how-do-emotions-attitudes-impact-health
- Levy, B.R., Slade, M.D., Kunkel, S.R., & Kasl, S.V. (2002). Longevity increased by positive self-perceptions of aging. Journal of Personality Social Psychology, 83(2), 261-270.
- Mayo Clinic. (2011). Positive thinking: Reduce stress by eliminating negative self-talk. Retrieved March 11, 2013 from http://www.mayoclinic.com/health/positive-thinking/sr00009
- Phillips, W. J. and S. J. Ferguson, (2013). Self-Compassion: A resource for positive aging. Journals of Gerontology Series B, 68 (4), 529-539.
- Seligman, M. (2008). Positive health. Applied Psychology, 57(s1), 3-18.
- Seligman, M. (2013). The pursuit of happiness: Bringing the science of happiness to life. Retrieved March 11, 2013 from http://www.pursuit-of-happiness.org/
- Steptoe, A., O'Donnell, K., Marmot, M., & Wardle, J. (2008). Positive affect and psychosocial processes related to health. British Journal of Psychology, 99(2), 211-227.
- White, D. K., et al, (2012). When it hurts, a positive attitude may help: Association of positive affect with daily walking in knee osteoarthritis. Results from a multicenter longitudinal cohort study. Arthritis Care & Research, 64 (9), 1312-1319.



Adapted and used with permission of the University of Arkansas Research and Extension, and the University of Kentucky College of Agriculture.

Authors

Erin Yelland, Ph.D., CFLE, Assistant Professor and Extension Specialist, Adult Development and Aging, K-State Research and Extension

Amy F. Hosier, Associate Professor, University of Kentucky **LaVona S. Traywick**, Associate Professor, University of Arkansas

Reviewers

Dr. Rosalie Otters, University of Arkansas **Dr. Lisa Washburn**, University of Arkansas



Publications from Kansas State University are available at www.ksre.ksu.edu

Publications are reviewed or revised annually by appropriate faculty to reflect current research and practice. Date shown is that of publication or last revision. Brand names appearing in this publication are for product identification purposes only. No endorsement is intended, nor is criticism implied of similar products not mentioned. Contents of this publication may be freely reproduced for educational purposes. All other rights reserved. In each case, credit author, *Keys to Embracing Aging: Positive Attitude*, Kansas State University, December 2015.

$Kans as\ State\ University\ Agricultural\ Experiment\ Station\ and\ Cooperative\ Extension\ Service$

K-State Research and Extension is an equal opportunity provider and employer. Issued in furtherance of Cooperative Extension Work, Acts of May 8 and June 30, 1914, as amended. Kansas State University, County Extension Councils, Extension Districts, and United States Department of Agriculture Cooperating, John D. Floros, Director.